

An analysis of the bid-ask spread in the German power continuous intraday market

15th IAEE European conference 2017

Clara Balardy

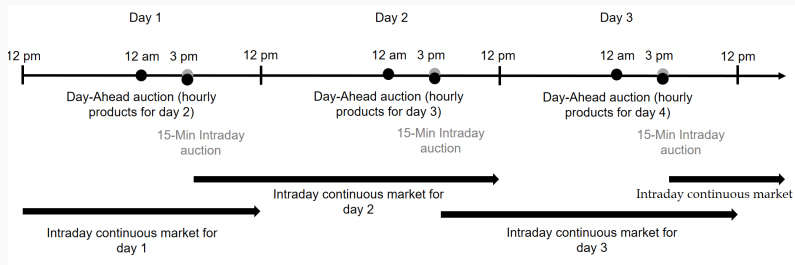
Universite Paris-Dauphine - EPEX SPOT

Table of contents

1. Context
2. Dynamic analysis
3. Econometric analysis
4. Conclusion

Context

The power spot market in Germany



The orders book

Ask		Bid	
Quantity	Price	Price	Quantity
20	35	32	4
5	36	31	15
12	39	29	7
3	42	28	9
		25	30

The bid-ask spread

Ask		Bid	
Quantity	Price	Price	Quantity
20	35	32	4
5	36	31	15
12	39	29	7
3	42	28	9
		25	30

The bid-ask spread is the difference in price between the lowest price for which a seller is willing to sell a MWh of power and the highest price that a buyer is willing to pay for it.

The market depths

Ask		Bid	
Quantity	Price	Price	Quantity
20	35	32	4
5	36	31	15
12	39	29	7
3	42	28	9
		25	30

Market depths are the total volume available in the orders book on the ask (sell depth) and the bid (buy depth) side.

Research questions

- How are the bid-ask spread and the market depths behaving over the trading session?
- What are the determinants of the bid-ask spread on the market?

Dynamic analysis

How are the bid-ask spread and the market depths behaving over the trading session?

- Dynamic analysis
- Period: 1st of June to 15th of November 2015
- Data: German intraday continuous orders books (EPEX SPOT)
- Granularity: microseconds

Results

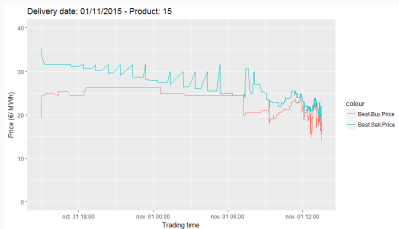


Figure 1: Evolution of the best buy and best sell prices over a trading session

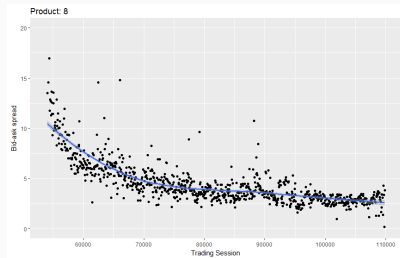


Figure 2: Bid-ask spread over an average trading session

Results

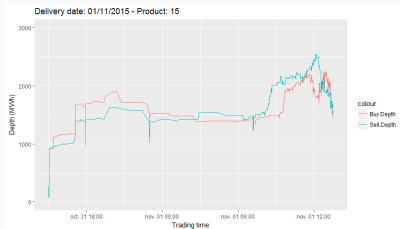


Figure 3: Evolution of the best buy and sell depths over a trading session

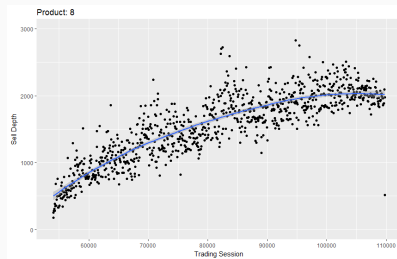


Figure 4: Sell depth over an average trading session

Econometric analysis

What are the determinants of the bid-ask spread on the market?

- Panel data econometrics / FGLS estimator
- Period: 1st of June to 15th of November 2015
- Data: German intraday continuous orders books + trades books + aggregate curves of the German Day-Ahead Market (EPEX SPOT) + load (EEX) + fundamentals forecasts and generation (EEX, EuroWind)
- Granularity: trading session

$$BAS = \beta_1 \mathbb{1}_{wkd} + \beta_2 L + \beta_3 WAP + \beta_4 AM + \beta_5 V \\ + \beta_6 \Delta_{W+} + \beta_7 \Delta_{S+} + \beta_8 \Delta_{W-} + \beta_9 \Delta_{S-} + \beta_{10} ES + \beta_{11} EP$$

$\mathbb{1}_{wkd}$: dummy variable for week-end

L: load (MWh)

WAP: weighted average price (€/ MWh)

AM: number of active members

V: volume of the market (GWh)

Δ_{W+} : Positive solar forecast error (GWh)

Δ_{S+} : Positive solar forecast error (GWh)

Δ_{W-} : Negative wind forecast error (GWh)

Δ_{S-} : Negative solar forecast error (GWh)

ES: Elasticity of the supply curve of the DAM

EP: Elasticity of the purchase curve of the DAM

$$\begin{aligned}BAS = & \beta_1 \mathbb{1}_{wkd} + \beta_2 L + \beta_3 WAP + \beta_4 AM + \beta_5 V \\ & + \beta_6 \Delta_{W+} + \beta_7 \Delta_{S+} + \beta_8 \Delta_{W-} + \beta_9 \Delta_{S-} + \beta_{10} ES + \beta_{11} EP\end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta_W = W - \hat{W}$$

$$\Delta_{W+} = \max\{\Delta_W, 0\}$$

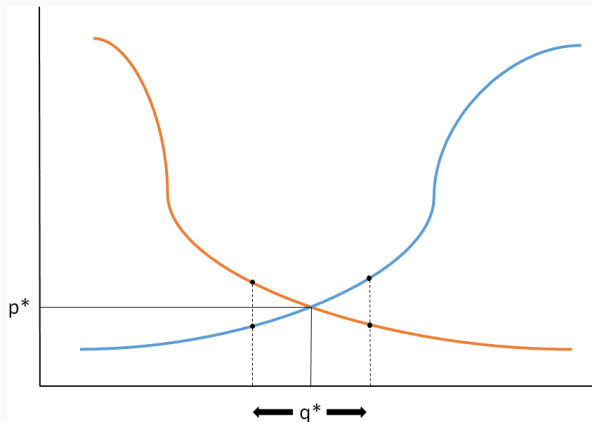
$$\Delta_{W-} = \min\{\Delta_W, 0\}$$

W: wind generation (GWh)

\hat{W} : wind forecast (GWh)

Empirical strategy

$$BAS = \beta_1 \mathbb{1}_{wkd} + \beta_2 L + \beta_3 WAP + \beta_4 AM + \beta_5 V \\ + \beta_6 \Delta W_+ + \beta_7 \Delta S_+ + \beta_8 \Delta W_- + \beta_9 \Delta S_- + \beta_{10} ES + \beta_{11} EP$$



Results

	Estimate	Std. Deviation
Dummy week-end	0.074***	0.004
Load (GWh)	-0.007***	0.0002
WAP (€/ MWh)	0.005***	0.0001
IDM volume (GWh)	0.087***	0.001
Number of active members	-0.008***	0.0001
Positive solar FE (GWh)	0.0247***	0.001
Positive wind FE (GWh)	0.004***	0.001
Negative solar FE (GWh)	-0.005***	0.001
Negative wind FE (GWh)	0.022***	0.001
Elasticity sell side	6.546***	0.110
Elasticity buy side	1.765***	0.048
Observations		3,713
R ²		0.233

Conclusion

Key take aways

- The bid-ask spread has a "U-shape" over the trading session
- The spread is negatively correlation with the liquidity and positively with the volatility
- The liquidity is the main driver of the German intraday power market's spread

Thank you!

Please, feel free to share your comments or suggestions.

Contact: clara.balardy@dauphine.eu